

National Centers for Environmental
Modeling
Environmental Modeling Center

DATA DOCUMENTATION
FOR
NOAA Operational Modeling Archive
Distributed System
(NOMADS)

The Global Model and Cycling Analysis
Rerun and Retrospective data set

DATA SET 6172

November 2001

*Prepared for
the National Climatic Data Center (NCDC)*

by

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1. **Data Set ID:**

6172

2. **Data Set Name:**

The Global Model and Cycling Analysis Rerun and Retrospective data archive

3. **Data Set Aliases:**

Global model analysis, Global Spectral Initial Conditions, Statistical Spectral Interpolation start-up files, Rerun or Retrospective files for analysis and model initialization.

4. **Contents of the Archived Data:**

The archived data set contains the minimum starting conditions for either the NCEP Operational Spectral Statistical Interpolation (SSI) cycling analysis and/or the Global Spectral Model (GSM). There are two types of files within the data set, Observations and restart files. The observation files are divided into BUFR files and IEEE files. The BUFR files are documented below. The remaining IEEE files are from remote sensing sources and are in the process of being converted to BUFR. We expect that only experts will access these files directly and this would be done through web based ftp services in the NOMADS system. However, a POST program for converting the model restart files from Spectral coefficients, on sigma vertical coordinate and gaussian grids to latitude/longitude, on standard pressure surfaces will be part of the NOMADS system.

The restart files are binary files that will be of interest to modelers or experts who want to obtain unchanged direct model results, that is, in the models own coordinate. Restart files will ordinarily transformed to pressure coordinate, longitude/latitude, GRIB grid data fields by a program called POST. The POST program is run and the server systems should present the GRIB grid data results transparently to users. A POST program will be supplied and documented elsewhere.

The documentation from the web page http://www.emc.ncep.noaa.gov/mmb/papers/keyser/data_processing by Dennis Keyser is shown below. It contains information on how to read BUFR files and details of the processing in NCEP Operations.

Observational Data Processing at NCEP
Dennis Keyser - NOAA/NWS/NCEP/EMC
(Last Revised 10/26/2001)

Most of the observational data at NCEP are stored in WMO BUFR format. This format is an international standard and provides an efficient means for transferring data. In addition it allows for great flexibility for adding new observation elements.

There are a series of tables associated with BUFR. Table A defines the data category associated with a particular BUFR message containing report data. Table B classifies and defines data

elements, or descriptors, according to scale, reference value, number of bits and units. Table C defines data description operators. Table D defines the list of common sequences. In addition, there are BUFR code and flag tables as well as code tables common to BUFR and other binary and alphanumeric codes. The need for external tables can make the process for BUFR data encoding and decoding quite cumbersome for a typical user.

As such, a special application has been designed at NCEP which provides user-friendly access to the BUFR files through a series of FORTRAN subroutines in a machine independent BUFR library (called BUFRLIB). These routines allow one to encode or decode data into BUFR using mnemonics to represent the data. The mnemonics are associated with BUFR descriptors in a special version of the Tables A, B and D (Table C is not yet included). When a BUFR file is created, the mnemonic table is read in from an external location and is itself encoded into BUFR messages at the top of the output file. These messages have Table A data category (message type) 11 (BUFR tables). This allows each BUFR file to be "self defined". No external tables are needed to decode data out of the file.

NCEP Central Operations has written a BUFRLIB software user guide which provides a detailed explanation of the NCEP BUFRLIB subroutines along with other useful information on BUFR as it is used at NCEP. (<http://www.ncep.noaa.gov/NCO/DMQAB/Decoders/BUFRLIB/>)

Next is a brief outline on the current method for processing observations that arrive at NCEP. Its main function is to provide links to web pages which discuss each item in detail.

1a. Raw bulletins arrive at NCEP on the GTS and are ingested into the database on the NCEP IBM-SP machine. Most of the data are stored in WMO BUFR format.
(<http://www.ncep.noaa.gov/NCO/DMQAB/Decoders/>)

- or -

1b. Most Satellite data are transferred directly from various NESDIS servers and then ingested into the BUFR database.
(http://www.emc.ncep.noaa.gov/mmb/papers/keyser/satellite_ingest.doc/document.htm)

2. Each NCEP network performs a time-windowed dump of data from the database at the scheduled data cutoff time.
(http://www.emc.ncep.noaa.gov/mmb/papers/keyser/data_dumping.doc/document.htm)

3. A series of programs process the observations into a monolithic, quality controlled file known as the "PREPBUFR" file.
(<http://www.emc.ncep.noaa.gov/mmb/papers/keyser/prepbufr.doc/document.htm>)

4. The PREPBUFR file is then read by the analysis codes.
(Global SSI analysis system documentation can be found at:
<http://sgi62.wwb.noaa.gov:8080/RTPUB/research/jhtml/ssi3.html>)

Here are some other links to my web sites devoted to data processing:
PREPBUFR Report Types used by Global/SSI (Aviation and Final) systems

PREPBUFR Report Types used by Global CDAS/reanalysis systems
PREPBUFR Report Types used by ETA/3DVAR (EDAS, Eta and NGM) systems
PREPBUFR Report Types used by upper-air Rapid Update Cycle (RUC-2 A and B) systems
Summary of Virtual Temperature Processing in PREPBUFR

RAOB/PIBAL Balloon Drift Processing in PREPBUFR

Sample program to decode reports from PREPBUFR file

Summary of Changes to the PREPDATA Program

BUFR Table B Descriptors and Mnemonics in NCEP Observational Database
Satellite Historical Documentation

NMC Office Note 29

NMC Office Note 124

5. Access Method for Archived Data:

The NCEP Global Spectral Model (GSM) files transmitted to NCDC represent the first operational model restart and retrospective archive. The entire data set of model run history is too large to keep at this time. Thus, we have devised the minimum set necessary to regenerate, as closely as possible, an operational run with the NCEP system and allow for other test beds to utilize, run experiments, and other models to initialize from this data set. The data set consists of conventional and remote sensed observations made ready to start NCEP cycling analysis system. Other NCEP operational models in addition to the GSM, such as the Eta and WRF regional models are coming soon. Additional data sets consisting of model run history in GRIB pressure vertical coordinate on a longitude/latitude grid will be present as determined by NOMADS panel.

In addition, using the POST program, the restart files are converted to GRIB data sets. The information contained in restart (in this case GSM sigma files) files represent the final analysis of conventional and remote sensed observations in the models vertical sigma coordinate and spectral coefficients. This file is needed to rerun NCEP models and analysis. The POST program changes this file to standard WMO GRIB containing fields in pressure vertical coordinate on a longitude/latitude grid. The GRIB data set can be used as a verification set. The conventional and remote sensed observations including quality control are part of the minimum set to restart the analysis cycling system or to start models directly from these initial conditions..

The analysis, initial condition and predicted fields on the model sigma levels are interpolated to the standard pressure levels in the POST program. The input file consists of the sigma level dependent variables and the output file consists of the pressure level variables in WMO standard GRIB. The file also contains several processed arrays (e.g. boundary layer parameters and tropopause parameters).

The Sigma file Contains (Table 1a) atmospheric variables on sigma surface and model sigma levels as well as topography. This file is the input to the POST program. Fixed fields are found in the Surface file (Table 1b). Normally, the Surface file and Sigma file are for internal use at NCEP and other designated test bed facilities for creating analysis/model reruns. They are made available to modelers and experts in this “raw” form if no interpolations or conversions are needed. We do not expect that these data sets will be directly accessed at the user level however, modelers and experimenters who wish to examine the analysis and initial conditions without any interpolations can obtain the data through web based ftp.

Sigma File (record number)	Contents	Length (bytes)	Type
Table 1a: Structure of a Sigma File			
1	see NMC Office Note 85	32	binary
2	forecast hour	4	real
	initial hour	4	integer
	initial month	4	"
	initial day	4	"
	initial year	4	"
	sigma levels ⁽¹⁾	(KDIM + 1) x 4	real
	sigma layers ⁽²⁾	KDIM x 4	"
3	Orography in meters (spherical coefficients)	MDIM x 4	"
4	Spherical coefficients of $\ln(p_s)$, where p_s is surface pressure (cb)	"	"
5-22	Temperature ($^{\circ}$K) in model layers 1- KDIM (spherical coefficients)	"	"
23,24	Divergence and Vorticity alternating through layer 1....	"	"
...57,58thru layer KDIM	"	"
59-70	Specific humidity in model layers 1- KDIM (spectral coefficients)	"	"

Note all the spherical coefficients are stored in this order: real part, imaginary part, N-S index and E-W wavenumber.

1) Sigma levels are the level starting from $\sigma=1$ at the surface and ending at $\sigma=0$ at the top. Only derived quantities, (vertical velocity, various fluxes) are defined on these levels.

2) Sigma layers are where dependent variables (T, D, ζ , u, v, q) are defined

Table 1b: Structure of a Surface File

Surface File (record number)	Contents	Length (bytes)	Type
1	see NMC Office Note 85	32	binary
2	Forecast hour	4	real
	Initial hour	4	integer
	Initial month	4	"
	Initial day	4	"
	Initial year	4	"
3	Surface temperature	IDIM x JDIM x 4	real
4	Soil wetness	"	"
5	Snow depth	"	"
6	Sub-surface temperature , layer 1 (TG1)	"	"
7	Sub-surface temperature , layer 2 (TG2)	"	"
8	Sub-surface temperature , layer 3 (TG3)	"	"
9	Surface roughness length	"	"
10	Surface background albedo ⁽¹⁾	"	"
11	Surface-type mask ⁽²⁾	"	"
12	High cloud fraction	"	"
13	Middle cloud fraction	"	"
14	Low cloud fraction	"	"

Note: All are gaussian gridded arrays of IDIM x JDIM, where I=1 is 0°E (then eastward) and J=1 is near the North Pole (then southward).

(1) Albedo is the background albedo that is modified by snow cover.

(2) Ocean = 0., land = 1., and sea ice = 2.

6. **Element Names and Definitions:**

See Office Note 388 and its supplement (1998) Table 2 "Parameters and Units" pp 45-52.

7. **Start Date:** To be determined

DATA AVAILABILITY: To be determined

10. **Location:**

a. Global

11. **Keywords:**

12. **How to Order Data:**

The cost for this data when accessed through NOMADS system servers or associated ftp web based services is free. For more information contact:

National Climatic Data Center
151 Patton Avenue
Asheville, NC 28801-5001

Phone 828-271-4800
FAX 828-271-4876
e-mail orders@ncdc.noaa.gov

13. **Archiving Data Center:**

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Asheville, NC 28801-5001

14. **Technical Contact:**

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<http://www.ncep.noaa.gov>

15. Known Uncorrected Problems:
16. Quality Statement:
17. Revision Date:
23 November 2001
18. Source Data Sets:
19. Essential Companion Data Sets:
20. Derived Data Sets:
21. References:

Kanamitsu, M., 1989: Description of the NMC Global Data Assimilation and Forecast System, Weather and Forecasting, 4(335-342).

Sela, J.G., 1980: Spectral modeling at the National Meteorological Center, Mon. Wea. Rev., 108 (1279-1292).

22. Summary:

The National Weather Service's National Center for Environmental Prediction (NCEP) runs a series of computer analyses and forecasts operationally. One of the primary operational systems is the Global Data Assimilation System (Kanamitsu, 1989), which uses the spectral Medium Range Forecast model (MRF) for the forecast (Sela, 1980). In simple terms, for each run, unequally spaced conventional and remote sensed observations are assimilated with "first guess" data fields (forecasts from the previous model run), and dynamic imbalances in the data are reduced, resulting in "analyzed" data fields. Then the forecast is made. The analyzed data provides an optimal representation of the real atmosphere on a grid or spectral coefficients of spherical harmonics. These can be compared to observations which have limitations due to measurement error or other instrument problems, and nonuniform spatial and temporal distributions of the observations.

ORIGIN OF DATA

The enclosed rerun/retrospective source data sets contains the NCEP operational ready observation and restart files necessary to

begin the Spectral Statistical Interpolation (SSI) cycling analysis. The collection of observations, conventional and remote sensed with the previous model forecasts which are used as a "guess" and restart files can be used to rerun the analysis cycling or global forecast system.

NCEP post-processing of model run history using the POST program is used to convert the restart files to pressure coordinate, longitude/latitude GRIB grids.

The archiving program extracts 4 times a day minimum restart file set from the NCEP operational communication directory. In particular, each data set contains:

- 1) Conventional and remote sensed observations acted upon by the NCEP analysis SSI program which exercise quality control, windowing, filtering, etc... at 00Z, 06Z, 12Z and 18Z,
- 2) The model restart files (sometimes called `sganl` and `sfcanl`) are present in the archive only at 00Z.

From 2) one can start the model and integrate for 6 hours creating a 6 hour "guess" which with 1) can be used to start the SSI to create the next analysis file at that time. The 6 hr analysis file in turn can (re-)start the model creating the next 6 hr "guess" and so on creating initial conditions. In this way the data set represents the minimum set of Observations and restart files to reconstruct, as closely as possible, the NCEP Operational (in this case) global model suite. The data set names and size (bytes) are in Table 2. At a time when disk space is a premium compared to CPU resources, the minimum set represents a way to provide model data sets in their original forms as well as post processed fields and their components.

Table 2: List of files and file size of the minimum data set for the NCEP SSI and GSM. There are links to a few files because of past name usage. The size of the data set is 370Mb.

YYYY is the year
MM is the month
DD is the day

8279556 albn15.YYYYMMDD00
4285516 albn15.YYYYMMDD06
8275464 albn15.YYYYMMDD12
8245952 albn15.YYYYMMDD18
4865340 albn16.YYYYMMDD00
6552112 albn16.YYYYMMDD06
8427612 albn16.YYYYMMDD12

5999196 a1bn16.YYYYMMDD18
 8349304 adpsfc.YYYYMMDD00
 8290720 adpsfc.YYYYMMDD06
 8271520 adpsfc.YYYYMMDD12
 8091792 adpsfc.YYYYMMDD18
 1184696 adpupa.YYYYMMDD00
 161904 adpupa.YYYYMMDD06
 1166256 adpupa.YYYYMMDD12
 136472 adpupa.YYYYMMDD18
 2337856 aircar.YYYYMMDD00
 1625448 aircar.YYYYMMDD06
 1771112 aircar.YYYYMMDD12
 2129384 aircar.YYYYMMDD18
 651560 aircft.YYYYMMDD00
 747808 aircft.YYYYMMDD06
 1025112 aircft.YYYYMMDD12
 936664 aircft.YYYYMMDD18
 10083900 b1bn15.YYYYMMDD00
 5174856 b1bn15.YYYYMMDD06
 10242828 b1bn15.YYYYMMDD12
 10057440 b1bn15.YYYYMMDD18
 6010992 b1bn16.YYYYMMDD00
 8086212 b1bn16.YYYYMMDD06
 10319436 b1bn16.YYYYMMDD12
 7361712 b1bn16.YYYYMMDD18
 7668 biascr.YYYYMMDD00
 19 gdas1.t00z.bufprepda -> gdas1.t00z.prepbufr
 19256208 gdas1.t00z.prepbufr
 17 gdas1.t00z.sanl -> siganl.YYYYMMDD00
 17 gdas1.t00z.sfcanl -> sfcanl.YYYYMMDD00
 4830968 goesnd.YYYYMMDD00
 8073424 goesnd.YYYYMMDD06
 8217080 goesnd.YYYYMMDD12
 9033792 goesnd.YYYYMMDD18
 5827488 h1bn14.YYYYMMDD00
 4626384 h1bn14.YYYYMMDD06
 5693424 h1bn14.YYYYMMDD12
 5620848 h1bn14.YYYYMMDD18
 5492400 h1bn15.YYYYMMDD00
 2857776 h1bn15.YYYYMMDD06
 5556048 h1bn15.YYYYMMDD12
 5577648 h1bn15.YYYYMMDD18
 3240240 h1bn16.YYYYMMDD00
 4373376 h1bn16.YYYYMMDD06
 5637840 h1bn16.YYYYMMDD12
 3952032 h1bn16.YYYYMMDD18

226884 icegrb.YYYYMMDD00
 226884 icegrb.YYYYMMDD06
 226884 icegrb.YYYYMMDD12
 226884 icegrb.YYYYMMDD18
 770032 m1bn14.YYYYMMDD00
 606272 m1bn14.YYYYMMDD06
 772352 m1bn14.YYYYMMDD12
 733632 m1bn14.YYYYMMDD18
 309800 osbuvb.YYYYMMDD00
 284824 osbuvb.YYYYMMDD06
 344760 osbuvb.YYYYMMDD12
 327720 osbuvb.YYYYMMDD18
 160120 proflr.YYYYMMDD00
 157040 proflr.YYYYMMDD06
 159648 proflr.YYYYMMDD12
 161168 proflr.YYYYMMDD18
 276192 qkswnd.YYYYMMDD00
 270816 qkswnd.YYYYMMDD06
 192416 qkswnd.YYYYMMDD12
 350888 qkswnd.YYYYMMDD18
 7662616 satwnd.YYYYMMDD00
 5937184 satwnd.YYYYMMDD06
 6222816 satwnd.YYYYMMDD12
 9127080 satwnd.YYYYMMDD18
 210060 sbvn16.YYYYMMDD00
 252072 sbvn16.YYYYMMDD06
 294084 sbvn16.YYYYMMDD12
 252072 sbvn16.YYYYMMDD18
 13632240 sfcanl.YYYYMMDD00
 35040 sfcbog.YYYYMMDD00
 0 sfcbog.YYYYMMDD06
 35872 sfcbog.YYYYMMDD12
 0 sfcbog.YYYYMMDD18
 1417632 sfcshp.YYYYMMDD00
 1341008 sfcshp.YYYYMMDD06
 1494528 sfcshp.YYYYMMDD12
 1541848 sfcshp.YYYYMMDD18
 29885672 siganl.YYYYMMDD00
 714948 snogrb.YYYYMMDD00
 714948 snogrb.YYYYMMDD06
 714948 snogrb.YYYYMMDD12
 714948 snogrb.YYYYMMDD18
 2459168 spssmi.YYYYMMDD00
 2431384 spssmi.YYYYMMDD06
 2518328 spssmi.YYYYMMDD12
 2514872 spssmi.YYYYMMDD18

326408 sptmmm.YYYYMMDD00
331688 sptmmm.YYYYMMDD06
332656 sptmmm.YYYYMMDD12
324368 sptmmm.YYYYMMDD18
154068 sstgrb.YYYYMMDD00
154068 sstgrb.YYYYMMDD06
154068 sstgrb.YYYYMMDD12
154068 sstgrb.YYYYMMDD18
12933 stat01.YYYYMMDD00
13104 stat01.YYYYMMDD06
12933 stat01.YYYYMMDD12
13105 stat01.YYYYMMDD18
3142 stat02.YYYYMMDD00
3142 stat02.YYYYMMDD06
3142 stat02.YYYYMMDD12
3142 stat02.YYYYMMDD18
7449 statup.YYYYMMDD00
7854 statup.YYYYMMDD06
7449 statup.YYYYMMDD12
6963 statup.YYYYMMDD18
0 tcvitl.YYYYMMDD00
0 tcvitl.YYYYMMDD06
0 tcvitl.YYYYMMDD12
0 tcvitl.YYYYMMDD18
345360 vadwnd.YYYYMMDD00
342248 vadwnd.YYYYMMDD06
325312 vadwnd.YYYYMMDD12
346232 vadwnd.YYYYMMDD18